

NOT that we are curious,
but what **DO** you
think about commis-
sion form?

TRIBUNE-CITIZEN.
Vol. 26, No. 56.

THE EVENING HERALD

TWO KIDNAPPED ARTILLERYMEN RESCUED BY A CARRANZA FORCE

Bodies of Four Men Drowned in Incursion Into Mexico Not Yet Recovered: Funston Orders Official Probe.

TWO ARMY OFFICERS PLACED UNDER ARREST

Action of Small Party Seeking to Rescue Comrades May Be Construed as Hostile, Despite Circumstances.

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Jan. 27.—Private William C. Wheeler and Virginian members of Batteries D, Fourth field artillery, who were kidnapped late yesterday by Mexican bandits and taken south of the border, were rescued by Carranza's soldiers, and brought to Matamoros today, crossing the international bridge into the United States at 11 o'clock. They were turned over to American authorities dressed in Mexican clothes.

Lieutenant John E. Morris, commanding battery D of the Fourth field artillery, with second Lieutenant Bernard R. Peyton and Albert W. Washburn, were placed under arrest today by Captain Walter S. McMillan of the Twenty-eighth infantry and charged with making an incursion into Mexico with fourteen privates.

The bodies of the four soldiers who were drowned, Sergeant Owen L. Clements, Corporal Michael F. Ring, Private Henry A. Glode and Charles D. Wilton Best, had not been recovered at noon, but those searching for the corps expected to find them before dark. Parties are searching the river between here and Progress, Mexico.

There were no boats available at the point of crossing. The officers and men swam the river carrying pistols and cartridge belts. So far as learned today they were not indicated while in the search of houses on the Mexican side, but on their return to the American side were fired on several times from the brush.

No word had been heard from the men since their crossing the river. They were not claimed. A searching party was sent out from Matamoros by Colonel J. B. Quintanilla, commander of the border in the absence of General Alvaro Obregon, and a some early morning host the Americans were found.

Wheeler and Pederson said they were devoted to the Mexican side of the river by the promise of a drink of mescal by Mexican, who appeared on the bank while they were swimming. Wheeler and the Mexican did not appear to be a soldier, but when surrounded by eight Mexicans later some distance from the bank they found their captors were all soldiers. The men were taken to the Bravo, and night by their captors held in jail until midnight and put on a train at this morning and reached Matamoros at 8 o'clock. They were taken before Colonel Quintanilla where they were told that Mexican officials were not authorized to arrest them and that the Mexican soldiers were sent to Matamoros to turn over to United States Consul Johnson at Matamoros who delivered them to Fort Brown.

FUNSTON DIRECTS PROMPT INVESTIGATION OF AFFAIR

Washington, Jan. 27.—Major General Washington reported to the war department today the drowning of four and the capture of two American soldiers near Brownsville, Tex., yesterday. His dispatch dated yesterday contained a report by Major Anderson, commander of the Twelfth cavalry, which says:

"I have directed Colonel Plummer, Twenty-eighth infantry, to send one of his field officers to investigate. Major Anderson has been informed of exact contents of Major Anderson's telegram and the arrest of three officers concerned. He telegrams to Matamoros to inform commanding general there and to ask that immediate search be made for Privates Wheeler and Pederson. The Mexicans on other side were not in uniform."

War department records show that Clements came from Bainbridge, Ga.; Michael F. Ring, formerly transferred to Fort Brown, came from New York City; Best from Portland, Ore.; Wheeler from East Boston, Mass., and Virginian Pederson incorrectly transmitted as Biggs Pederson, from Chicago.

It was indicated at the state department today that for American troops under arms to cross the Mexican border, even in pursuit of bandits who may have committed an illegal act, might be considered a hostile act.

The state department has not yet taken up the subject with the de facto government of Mexico. The war department's information regarding the incident near Brownsville was turned over to the state department for its information, and Secretary Lansing took it under consideration.

President Not to Support the Susan Anthony Amendment

Executive Tells 200 New York Members of Congressional Union for Suffrage He Does Not Approve Scheme.

RECEIVES SUFFRAGISTS AFTER MANY REQUESTS

Efforts of Mrs. Mary Beard, Wife of Columbia Professor to Cross-examine Nation's Head Fail.

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)

New York, Jan. 27.—President Wilson refused today to support the movement for an amendment to the federal constitution providing for woman suffrage. He spoke before 200 members of congressional union for woman suffrage telling them he felt the suffrage question should be dealt with by individual states.

The president received the suffragists after they had sent him a series of notes and had waited from him for more than an hour at the Washington Astoria hotel on which he made his headquarters on his arrival here early this morning from Washington.

Efforts made by Mrs. Mary Beard, wife of Columbia university professor to cross-examine the president on his position met with failure. He refused courteously to reply to her question.

The president faced a program today calling for a reception by the members of the deliver of addresses before two business organizations, the presidents of which would be interviewed by a delegation of citizens Americans who want him to persuade the British government to permit the shipment of mules from America for mules in Germany.

He was accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, his secretary, Joseph P. Tammey, and Dr. Cary T. Grayson. The party remained on board the train in the Pennsylvania station until 8 a.m. when it was escorted to the Washington Astoria hotel.

The main purpose of the president's plan is to deliver before the business associations tonight a speech which is to open his campaign for presidential election.

After addressing the railroads members of the slate are scheduled to speak in the federal court here within ten days why they should not be disbarred from further practice in that court.

A committee appointed by Federal Judge W. H. Pepe and consisting of United States District Attorney Samuels Burkhart, Stephen H. Davis and Francis G. Wilson today reported confimants indicating unprofessional conduct, chiefly with regard to the trial of the case of Garcia vs. Garcia and in connection with the alleged fabrication of exhibits in that case.

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 27.—N. Marron and Francis E. Wood, managing the law firm of Marron & Wood, and among the most prominent lawyers of the state are cited to show in the federal court here within ten days why they should not be disbarred from further practice in that court.

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The president admitted he had promised several months ago to discuss with the leaders of congress the suffrage question, but the other members of legislation had come which he thought would take preference over everything else. Silence greeted his reiteration of his opposition to the federal suffrage amendment, but other portions of his address were marked by applause.

Mrs. Tiffany Dyer, Mrs. Browne, and Mrs. Beard spoke before the president.

They asked that while he was working on his preparation program he should remember that no scheme of defense would be adequate which did not include the mobilization of women.

While speaking in the middlewest for national defense they asked that he also advocate woman suffrage.

The president delivered the first of his three addresses at noon before the general conference of the New York Federation of Churches, representing all denominations.

The Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, in an address of welcome said:

"We simply want to put ourselves on your side as you enter upon your work of being the spokesman for permanent peace for America and the world."

The president said he appreciated the words of the speaker "from the heart." He declared that in his efforts for peace he had represented the spirit of the United States of America.

He said he knew that in their hearts the people of the United States wanted to "keep the horizon even."

"I can find no basis for peace but justice," he added.

The greatest force in this world is character, and I believe the character can be expressed in the act of a nation. This is expressed by the attitude of the people.

"A further foundation of peace is our internal attitude towards each other. We have been hospitable to all creeds and people. The peace of America depends upon the attitude of the different races and creeds which make up the nation. There has been much perturbation over evidences of religious feelings in this country. Love and self love is a honest expression, but it expresses what our attitude should be. Always accept an invitation to a fight, but I hope I conduct my fight with justice and fairness."

The president declared that the neutrality of the United States has not been a merely formal matter, but that it has been a matter of conviction and of the heart. He said that in his efforts for peace he had been conscious of representing the spirit of America and no private convictions.

When the delegates assembled today they found this resolution on their tables and also one on the military service bill, which were designed to take the place of the numerous proposals which have been made on these subjects.

The president illustrated the atti-

The Evening Herald

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO. THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916.

GET the axe for the weather man; we're tired of this eastern climate.

THE EVENING HERALD
VOL. 2, NO. 260

ude of the United States toward weaker nations by his Mexican policy.

He was given a formal vote of thanks by the delegation for his efforts in behalf of peace.

Crowds filled the streets so densely when the president left the hall that his automobile was forced to stop while he leaned out and shook hands with the people.

Chicago Bank is Scene of Breezy Western Hold-up

Burglars Threaten Lives of Cashier, Clerks and Depositors and Get Away With \$12,000 in Cash.

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)

New Orleans, La., Jan. 27.—Four armed robbers entered the Washington Park National bank at East Sixty-third street today, threatened the lives of the cashier, clerks and twenty depositors and escaped with between \$12,000 and \$15,000.

None of the depositors, who were ordered to stand facing the wall, were wounded.

J. Garland Shad, manager of the Boston American, 11, 1912, is vice president of the bank. The robbers paid special attention to Mr. Shad, pointing two revolvers within an inch of his face. Officers of the bank said none of the robbers appeared to be more than 20 years old.

The robbers made their escape in an automobile which bystanders said was going at more than forty miles an hour.

Efforts made by Mrs. Mary Beard, wife of Columbia professor to cross-examine Nation's Head Fail.

(By Evening Herald Leased Wire)

New Orleans, La., Jan. 27.—A call to the country's commercial financial and industrial interests for adoption of a national foreign trade policy to protect American commerce from discrimination after the European war and for the investment of American capital in foreign countries to safeguard the prosperity of domestic industries was sounded by speakers of prominence in the business world at the opening session here today of the national foreign trade convention. The registration books showed 150 delegates present.

The national foreign trade council opened here today its third annual foreign trade convention with several hundred delegates composed of manufacturers, bankers, merchants, farm bureaus, railroad and steamship men in attendance. Numerous addresses with the commercial preparedness of America as their subject, were on the program.

James A. Farrell, president of the United States Steel corporation and chairman of the National Foreign Trade council, said at the opening meeting of the National Foreign Trade convention here today that for full investment of American capital was a prime necessity to meet the keen competition expected in world trade after the war. Until the United States begins to finance the needs of those growing countries to which it desires or desires to export, Mr. Farrell declared the rate of world banker would not pass to the westward.

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